

REGULATION FOR FINTECH - WHAT IS COMING DOWN THE LINE?

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2.40 PM

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TRANSFERMATE GLOBAL PAYMENTS - IRELAND

Peter's work covers executive and non-executive director and advisory board roles for FinTech (Payments, Robo-Advisers & Emoney), RegTech, MiFID and Funds. Peter is Panel Member of Fintech20 Ireland and founded of FinTechIreland.com and FinTechUK.com. He is a director of Susquehanna International (options market maker) and TransferMate (payments) and board advisor to Ozan (e-money wallet) and Clearsettle (payments).









Presentation based on:

- Presentation based on:
 - Establishing and getting fintech firms authorised across the EU, USA and Australia
 - including a couple of banks and a robo-adviser
 - Non-executive director and board advisor roles at Irish, UK and Danish FinTech & RegTech firms,
 - FCA and Central Bank approved individual in roles of compliance, MLRO
 & Board Director
 - senior level regulator roles (Ireland, UK, Australia & Saudi Arabia)
 - leading over 100 serious enforcement investigations, including financial crime
- Conscious of collisions & divergence of FinTech and RegTech
 Note I acknowledge copyright of 3rd parties









What is FinTech & RegTech

- Financial technology, also known as **FinTech**, is a line of business based on using software to provide financial services. Financial technology companies are generally startups founded with the purpose of disrupting incumbent financial systems and corporations that rely less on software.
- RegTech is a new concept derived from the definition of FinTech primarily signifying the technology applied to resolve issues regarding regulation within the financial industry. It helps companies to better manage and understand their legal risks as well to easily adhere to their regulatory obligations



Although many in the financial services industry in this room today will be asking "Haven't we been doing this for years?"







FinTech – FinServ Sectors in play

FinTech

- Banking (Neo/Digital Banks/Challenger Banks Starling, Tandem & N26)
- Insurance (Insurtech Friendsurance, Guevara, Lemonade)
- Payments (Paytech TransferMate, Plynk, Deposify)
- Emoney (CurrencyTech Monese, Paysera, Ozan, Revolut)
- Wealth Management (RoboAdvisers/Digital Advisers Robin Hood, Nutmeg, UBS)









Increasing Regulatory Costs (1/2)

- The six largest US banks spent <u>US\$70.2BN</u> on compliance in 2013, twice the US\$34.7 billion spent in 2007.¹
- In 2015, the Financial Times estimated that some of the world's largest banks each spent an additional US\$4 billion a year on compliance since the financial crisis.²



¹ <u>The Regulatory Price-Tag: Cost Implications of Post-Crisis Regulatory Reform</u>," Federal Financial Analytics; see also:

[&]quot;Nuns With Guns: The Strange Day-to- Day Struggles Between Bankers and Regulators," The Wall Street Journal

² "Banks Face Pushback Over Surging Compliance and Regulatory Costs," Financial Times



Increasing Regulatory Costs (2/2)

"Global banks misconduct costs have reached \$320 billion ... that could otherwise have supported up to \$5 trillion of lending to households and business ... but there is a bigger cost ..."
 Mark Carney, Governor, Bank of England (21 March 2017) 1









Comments at EC #FinTechEU Conference



 "I have some uncomfortable words for incumbent financial services when it comes to fintech: You are either at the table or on the menu". Cora van Nieuwenhuizen, EU MEP and Rapporteur on Fintech, Keynote



 "We have plenty of fintech start-ups in Europe, but what we need to focus on now is helping them scale". Claire Bury, Deputy Director-General in the Technology Directorate-General.



 Number26 referenced the Irish regulatory regime, and in particular, the Central Bank of Ireland as a good example of an EU regulator. Said in front of 700 finserv & fintech professionals at the European Commission.











Fintech Ireland Map (1/2)





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Fintech Ireland Map (2/2)





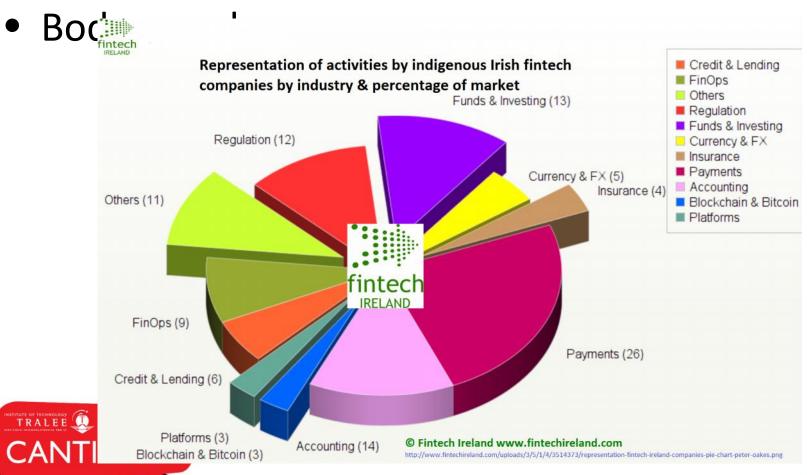




Representation of activities – Indigenous Irish FinTech

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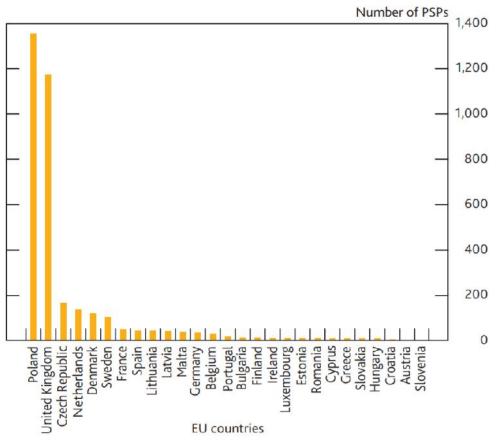




Growth of regulated FinTech - Payments



Chart 1 Number of PSPs based in EU countries, 2016



- More to fintech than just payments
 - Banking (& Credit Unions/S&L)
 - Insurance / Reinsurance
 - MiFID
 - Emoney
 - Brokerage
 - Credit Providers
 - Credit Union

Source: National bodies responsible for maintaining registers of PSPs. Data for Italy not published. Data for Finland from 2015.







InsurTech

Insurance and the big data technology revolution

Filling in endless forms to buy a new policy may become a thing of the past



"Not far into the future, the power of the data will mean that people who look the same [to an insurer] now will no longer look the same," Andrew Brem, chief digital officer at Aviva

https://www.ft.com/content/bb 9f1ce8-f84b-11e6-bd4e-68d53499ed71

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Imagine that mobile phone signals or other sensors detect that a person is about to walk down a road where several people have recently fallen on ice, he says. The insurer will react by either sending a message warning the person to walk more carefully or else automatically increase the premium and cover while the policyholder is walking down that road.









InsurTech

Precision:

- insurance will be broken down into easier to digest chunks
- days of the annual policy may be numbered.
- Trov offers coverage for specific items for limited periods of time, e.g. consumer can buy insurance covering a camera for a day
- car insurance
 - common complaint: annual policies force people to pay for insurance for cars that spend most of their lives sitting in car parks or driveways.
 - being able to switch policies on and off, will make them much more attractive to occasional users.







Blockchain – extracts from EUP Draft FinTech Report



Is concerned by the <u>increased use of unpermissioned blockchain applications</u>, in particular Bitcoin, for criminal activities, tax evasion, tax avoidance and money laundering; invites the Commission to organise an annual multi-stakeholder conference on this subject;

Some new technologies pose specific questions about the use of data. DLT is an example of this. It leads to fundamental questions regarding the decentralized storage of data, which is inherent to it.

Liability issues form another area where clarification is necessary. Developments like roboadvice are possible because of the application of algorithms to big data. Errors or bias in these algorithms can cause systemic risk and harm to consumers. It should be clear who is liable in cases like these.









Regulation and FinTech

- Three things Central Banks & regulator care (deeply) about:
 - Financial Stability
 - Market Integrity
 - Consumer Protection
- Mess one of these up, expect attention
- Let's think about this in terms of regulated fintech







The new eurozone super-regulator "Let weak banks die"





EU financial regulation

Let weak banks die, says eurozone super-regulator

https://www.ft.com/content/c27d19b4-917b-11e3-8fb3-00144feab7de

"One of the biggest lessons of the current crisis (http://www.ft.com/intl/indepth/euro-in-crisis) is that there is no risk-free asset, so sovereigns are not risk-free assets. That has been demonstrated, so now we have to react," Ms Nouy said. "What I would admit is that maybe it's not the best moment in the middle of the crisis to change the rules — that's possible. This being said, there is the possibility to do more and some countries are applying stricter rules."

Global rules set before the financial crisis allowed lenders to hold no capital against their government bond portfolios, at the discretion of national regulators. But, despite the region's crisis exposing the depth of the interconnections between the sovereigns and their banking systems, Europe's lenders have been buying government bonds in increasing amounts (http://next.ft.com/content/8290470c-6b17-11e3-8e33-00144feabdco).





Regulation & Fintech – Impact (1/2)

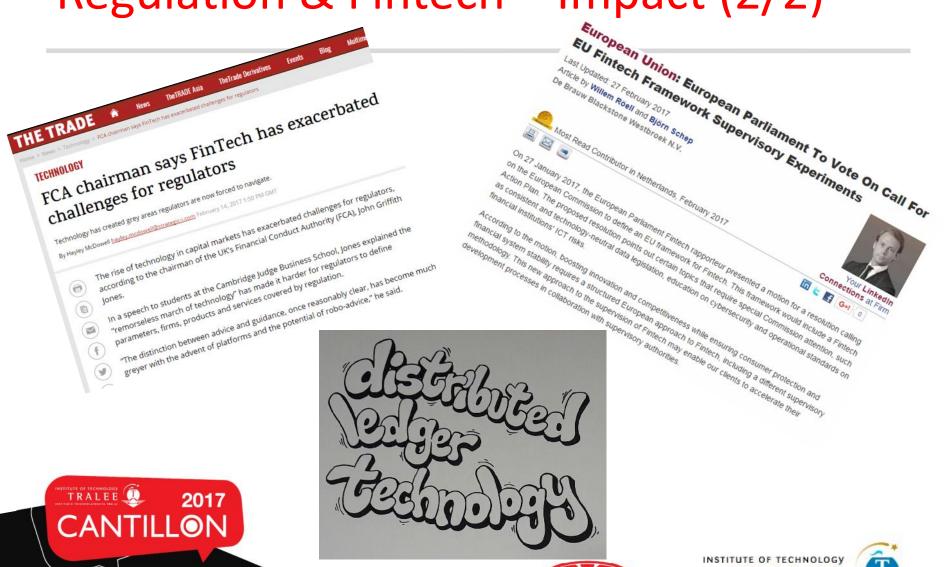
Sector	Financial Stability	Markets Integrity	Consumer Protection
Banking	€	€	€
Insurance	€	€	€
Payment Systems	€	€	€
MiFID		€	€
Funds	€	€	€
Intermediaries	-	?	€
Payment Services	-	?	€
E-Money	-	?	€







Regulation & Fintech – Impact (2/2)



IN ASSOCIATION WITH

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RegTech



- Deployment of technology aimed at:
 - extracting cost efficiencies in the regulatory operations & processes of regulated businesses
 - improving accuracy of complying with regulations and mitigating risk
 - including more precise methodology for <u>calculating regulatory capital</u>, which leading to freeing up capital for improved Rol and RoE



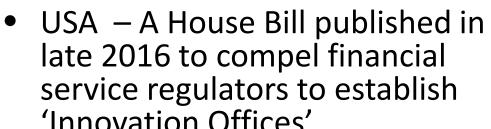




Regulatory Sandboxes & Innovation Offices



- **United Kingdom**
- Australia
- Malaysia
- Singapore
- Hong Kong
- late 2016 to compel financial service regulators to establish 'Innovation Offices'













IoT & Financial Services – who is going to fintech regulate the fridge?







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IoT bringing us closer together?





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https://coldstreams.com/?p=9461







FinTech Directive



- "Fintech is a big new part of our financial services industry in Ireland. We need to be prepared for what comes out of the EU in terms of regulation. Dublin has a huge amount of expertise in the Fintech sector and has adapted well to the rise of Fintech as a global trend.
- "The potential for further development of the sector in Ireland is enormous. Globally, Fintech investment more than tripled to about 12 billion US dollars in 2014 and this has almost doubled in 2015".



Brian Hayes MEP confirmed to lead negotiations for the European People's Party in the European Parliament on a report on Fintech







EC #FinTechEU Conference





CONSULTATION DOCUMENT

FINTECH: A MORE COMPETITIVE AND INNOVATIVE EUROPEAN FINANCIAL SECTOR

Disclaimer

This document is a working document of the Commission Services for consultation and does not prejudge the final decision that the Commission may take.

The views reflected in this consultation document provide an indication on the approach the Commission Services may take, but do not constitute a final policy position or a formal proposal by the Commission.



Extracts from EUP Draft Report on #FinTech EU



Cyber security and ICT risks

13. Emphasises the need for end-to-end security across the whole financial services value chain; points to the large and diverse risks posed by cyber-attacks, targeting our financial markets infrastructure, currencies and data; calls on the Commission to make cyber security the number one priority in the FinTech Action Plan;

The current rise of FinTech comes after the origination of a number of different technological developments within a short timespan, namely <u>Artificial Intelligence</u>, cloud computing and <u>Distributed Ledger Technology (DLT)</u>. These provide new opportunities for disruptions like mobile payments, open banking, crowdfunding, virtual currencies and robo-advice.

Data

10. Stresses the need for consistent, technology-neutral application of existing data legislation, including the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), the Revised Payment Service Directive (PSD2), the eIDAS Regulation, the 4th Anti-Money Laundering Directive (AMLD4) and the Network and Information Systems (NIS) Directive; stresses that, in order to scale up innovative finance in Europe, a free flow of data within the Union is needed;

INSTITUUID TEICNEDLAIOCHTA TRÁ LÍ



Why Fintech Ireland?

- Objective is to advance Ireland's unique ability, and leverage its capacity, to become and remain a global centre for Fintech. Fintech Ireland is an independent movement in Ireland representing Fintech and Regtech in Ireland, and for Ireland abroad
- By the numbers (2016):
 - 80,000 = annual website visitors
 - 3,300+ = followers on twitter (plus another 2K via other Fintech Handles)
 - 1,000+ = mailing list subscribers
 - 700+ = *vetted* LinkedIN Fintech Ireland Group followers
 - 30+ = events, engagements and speaking slots
 - €0 = cost charged to attend events









Thank You



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